Министерство образования и науки Российской Федерации Федеральное государственное бюджетное образовательное учреждение высшего образования

«Кубанский государственный университет» Факультет Романо-германской филологии

УТВЕРЖДАЮ:
Проректор по учебной работе,
универска канеству образования — первый
проректор
Иванов А.Г.

2016 г.

РАБОЧАЯ ПРОГРАММА ДИСЦИПЛИНЫ

Б1.Б.09 ИНОСТРАННЫЙ ЯЗЫК (код и наименование дисциплины в соответствии с учебным планом) Направление подготовки/специальность: 02.03.02 Фундаментальная информатика и информационные технологии (код и наименование направления подготовки/специальности) Направленность (профиль): «Вычислительные технологии» (наименование направленности (профиля) специализации) Программа подготовки: академическая (академическая /прикладная) Форма обучения: очная

(очная, очно-заочная, заочная)

(бакалавр, магистр, специалист)

Квалификация (степень) выпускника: бакалавр

Рабочая программа дисциплины «Иностранный язык» составлена в соответствии с Федеральным государственным образовательным стандартом высшего образования (ФГОС ВО) по направлению подготовки 02.03.02 Фундаментальная информатика и информационные технологии.

Программу составила: Семерджиди В.Н., доц., к.ф.н., доц.

Рабочая программа дисциплины «Иностранный язык» утверждена на заседании кафедры английского языка в профессиональной сфере протокол № 3 « 2 « » чет 2016 г.

Заведующий кафедрой английского языка в профессиональной сфере Гурьева З.И.

Рабочая программа обсуждена на заседании кафедры (выпускающей)

Вытематрийского № 9 « 22 » апреля 2016 г.

Заведующий кафедрой (выпускающей)

Утверждена на заседании учебно-методической комиссии факультета романогерманской филологии

протокол № 10 « 29 » изоме 2016 г. Председатель УМК факультета РГФ Маркова Л.Ф. *Двари*

Рецензенты:

Лучинская Е.Н., зав. кафедрой общего и славяно-русского языкознания КубГУ д.ф.н., профессор Ярмолинец Л.Г., зав. кафедрой иностранных языков КГУФКСТ к.ф.н., профессор

1. Цели и задачи изучения дисциплины (модуля).

1.1 Цель освоения дисциплины.

Основной целью курса является овладение студентами коммуникативной компетенцией, которая позволит пользоваться иностранным языком в различных областях профессиональной деятельности, научной и практической работе, в общении с зарубежными партнерами, для самообразовательных и других целей.

Курс иностранного языка реализует также образовательные и воспитательные цели, способствуя расширению кругозора студентов, повышению их общей культуры и образования, а также культуры мышления и повседневного и профессионального общения, воспитанию терпимости и уважения к духовным ценностям других стран и народов.

1.2 Задачи дисциплины

- коррекция произносительных навыков, расширение лексического и грамматического запаса знаний;
- совершенствование продуктивных и рецептивных умений, автоматизация навыков (устная речь, письмо, чтение, аудирование);
- формирование навыков диалогической и монологической речи, а также навыков чтения с различной степенью охвата содержания текста;
- -стимулирование самостоятельной деятельности с целью расширить собственную картину мира;
- формирование у студентов знания о стране изучаемого языка, культуре традициях, особенностях делового и социального этикета;
- -развитие способности избежать недопонимания, преодолеть коммуникативный барьер за счет использования известных речевых и метаязыковых средств.

1.3 Место дисциплины (модуля) в структуре образовательной программы.

Дисциплина «Иностранный язык (английский)» относится к базовой части Блока 1 «Б.1 Гуманитарный, социальный и экономический цикл. Базовая часть» учебного плана.

1.4 Перечень планируемых результатов обучения по дисциплине (модулю), соотнесенных с планируемыми результатами освоения образовательной программы.

Изучение данной учебной дисциплины направлено на формирование у обучающихся *общекультурных* компетенций (*OK*)

No	Индекс	Содержание	В результате изучения учебной дисциплины						В результате изучения учебной дисциплини			
	компет	компетенции	обучающиеся должны									
П.П.	енции	(или её части)	знать	vметь	владеть							

No	Индекс	Содержание	В результате	изучения учебной	дисциплины
	компет	компетенции	06	бучающиеся должн	Ы
П.П.	енции	(или её части)	знать	уметь	владеть
1.	OK 5	способностью к коммуникации в устной и письменной формах на русском и иностранном языках для решения задач межличностного и межкультурного взаимодействия.	способностью к коммуникации в устной и письменной формах на русском и иностранном языках для решения задач межличностного и межкультурного взаимодействия	-фонетический и лексический - строй иностранного языка, профессиональну ю терминологию; - основные типы письменных, устных и электронных речевых произведений на ИЯ; - культуру и традиции стран изучаемого языка, правила речевого этикета.	-понимать диалогическую и монологическую ю речь, речь в сфере бытовой и профессиональ ной коммуникации; - переводить специальную литературу на ИЯ, составлять письменные, устные и электронные речевые произведения на ИЯ. самостоятельно добывать профессиональные знания с использованием иностранного языка для развития способности к самообразованию и профессиональному самосовершенствован ию средствами иностранного языка.

2. Структура и содержание дисциплины.
2.1 Распределение трудоёмкости дисциплины по видам работ.
Общая трудоёмкость дисциплины составляет 11 зач.ед. (396 часов), их распределение по видам работ представлено в таблице (для студентов ОФО).

Вид учебной работы	Всего		Семестры			
	часов	(часы)				
		1	2	3	4	5
Контактная работа, в том числе:						
Аудиторные занятия (всего):	210	56	38	44	52	20
Занятия лекционного типа	-	1	-	-	1	1
Лабораторные занятия	192	54	34	36	50	18
Занятия семинарского типа (семинары, практические занятия)	-	-	-	-	-	-
,	-	-	-	_	-	-

Иная контактная работа	•						
Контроль самостоятельной	й работы (КСР)	18	2	4	8	2	2
Промежуточная аттестаци	я (ИКР)	1,1	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,3
Самостоятельная работа	, в том числе:	158,2	15,8	33,8	63,8	19,8	25
Курсовая работа		-	-	-	-	-	-
Проработка учебного (тек материала	158,2	15,8	33,8	63,8	19,8	25	
Выполнение индивидуальных заданий (подготовка сообщений, презентаций)			-	-	-	-	-
Реферат			-	-	-	-	-
Подготовка к текущему ко	нтролю						
Контроль:							
Подготовка к экзамену		26,7					26,7
Общая трудоемкость	час.	396	72	72	108	72	72
	в том числе контактная работа	211,1	56,2	38,2	44,2	52,2	20,3
	зач. ед	11	2	2	3	2	2

2.2 Структура дисциплины: Распределение видов учебной работы и их трудоемкости по разделам дисциплины. Разделы (темы) дисциплины, изучаемые в 1-5 семестре (*очная форма*)

I CEMECTP

),			Количество часов			
№ pa3-	Наименование разделов (тем)	Всего	Аудиторная го работа			CPC
дела			Л	П3	ЛР	
1	Your World. Life before the Computer.	23			18	5
2	Memory. Hooking up my computer	24			18	6
3	Across the Globe. On Computers.	23			18	5
	Всего по разделам дисциплины:	69,8			54	15,8
	КСР	2				
	ИКР	0,2				
	Итого:	72				

II CEMECTP

			Ко	оличество часов			
№ раз- дела	Наименование разделов	Всего	1	Аудито рабо	рная та	CPC	
7			Л	П3	ЛР		
4	Real Lives. Famous Inventors (D. Engelbart, S, Jobs).	24			12	12	

5	Go for It. M. Zuckerberg is the King of Social Networking.	24		10	14
6	True Stories. Cash Machine	24		12	12
	Всего по разделам дисциплины:	67,8		34	33,8
	КСР	4			
	ИКР	0,2			
	Итого:	72			

III CEMECTP

No.	Наименование разделов	Количество часов						
№ pa3-		Всего	A	удитор работ	CPC			
дела			Л	ПЗ	ЛР			
7	Must See/ Smaart Life	50			18	32		
8	Social Life Mobile Phone Etiquette	50			18	32		
	Всего по разделам дисциплины:	99,8			36	63,8		
	КСР	8						
	ИКР	0,2						
	Итого:	108						

IV CEMECTP

NC.		Количество часов					
№ pa3-	Наименование разделов	Всего	A	удитор работа	CPC		
дела		Л		П3	ЛР		
9	Stuff!	26			18	8	
10	Society and Change. Information Overload	22			16	6	
11	Rules. Crime on the Net	22			16	6	
	Всего по разделам дисциплины:	69,8			50	19,8	
	КСР	2					
	ИКР	0,2					
	Итого:	72					

V CEMECTP

№ раз-	Наименование разделов	Всего	A	Аудито _ј работ		CPC
дела			Л	ПЗ	ЛР	

12	Your Choice. How to Deal with Computer Fatigue. The Future of Robotics	43		18	25
	Всего по разделам дисциплины:	43		18	25
	Контроль	26,7			
	КСР	2			
	ИКР	0,3			
	Итого:	72			

- 2.3 Содержание разделов (тем) дисциплины:
- 2.3.1. Занятия лекционного типа не предусмотрены
- 2.3.2. Занятия семинарского типа не предусмотрен
- 2.3.3. Лабораторные занятия

	Наименование		Форма
$N_{\underline{0}}$		Наименование лабораторных работ	текущего
	раздела		контроля
1	2	3	4
	Your World.	Grammar: Present Simple. Present	Grammar
1.		Continuous. Questions and short answers.	exercises
	Life before the	Vocabulary: People around you.	
	Computer.	Everyday activities.	
		Polysemantic words.	
		Reading : The myths that make you feel guilty.	
		Listening: How we spend our time.	
		Pronunciation: Sentence stress in questions.	
		Using intonation to show interest.	Emails
		Discussion: The way you send your time.	Test 1
		Speaking: Keeping a conversation going.	
		Writing: An informal email.	
2.	Memory	Grammar : Past simple and Past continuous	Grammar
		used to and would	exercises
	Hooking up my	Vocabulary: Childhood and upbringing	
	computer	Remembering and forgetting	Test
		Reading: The secrets of your memory.	translation
		Hooking up my computer.	
		Listening: Chitdhood and upbringing	Composition
		Speaking : Talk about your upbringing.	Test 2
		Writing: A story about your important	Progress test
		memory.	1-2
3.	Across the	Grammar : Comparatives and superlatives	Grammar
	Globe.	Vocabulary : Features and sights	exercises
		Adjectives for describing places	
	On Computers.	Reading: Visit or Avoid?	
		On Computers.	Test
		Pronunciation: Sentence stress in polite	translation
		questions.	Writing a
		Listening:	blog
		Speaking : Travel problems.	Test 3

		Writing: A travel blog.	
4.		Обзор пройденного материала, прием	
		зачета	
5.	Real Lives.	Grammar : Present perfect and Past simple	Grammar
		Present perfect simple and	exercises
	Famous	Present perfect continuous	
	Inventors	Vocabulary: Personal qualities	Test
	(D. Engelbart,	Reading: Pushed too far?	translation
	S. Jobs).	The History of the Computer Mouse.	
		Steven Jobs.	
		Pronunciation: Linking in time phrases.	Oral
		Speaking : Nominate someone for an award.	discussion
		Talk about someone who inspires you.	Composition
		Video: Ch/ Dickens: Writer and Campaigner.	Test 4
		Writing: Write a short paragraph about a	Progress test
		famous campaigner from your country.	3-4
6.	Go for It	Grammar: Future forms	Grammar
		Future clauses with rf, when, unless, etc.	exercises
	M. Zuckerberg is	Vocabulary: Personal qualities	
	the King of	Reading: Cetting ahead in the 21st century	Test
	Social	Pronunciation: Word stress in word families.	translation
	Networking.	Polite intonation in questions.	Oral
	_	Listening: Career crossroads	discussion
		Speaking : Making a formal telephone call.	Composition
		Tell about your plans. Intentions ambitions.	CV
		Writing: CV	Test 5
7	True Stories.	Grammar: Past perfect	Grammar
		Reported speech	exercises
	Cash Machine	Vocabulary: say and tell	Test
		Adverbs for telling stories	translation
		Reading: A twist of fate.	
		It really happened to me.	
		Hole in the Wall Cash Machine	Composition
		Pronunciation: Hearing the difference	Test 6
		between Past simple and Past perfect in	Progress test
		connected speech.	5-6
		Video: A story that rocked the world.	Mid-course
		Speaking: Retell a story	test
		Writing: A paragraph about one of the	
		incidents.	
8.		Обзор пройденного материала, прием	
	3.6	зачета	
9.	Must See	Grammar: -ed/-ing adjectives	Grammar
	C (T'C	The passive	exercises
	Smaart Life	Vocabulary: Entertainment and television	
		Extreme adjectives	Test
		Reading: News stories	translation
		Smart clothes	01
		Smart house	Oral
		If cars were like comuters.	discussion
		Listening: Film quiz	Company.
		Pronunciation: Word stress	Composition
		Sentence stress	W. Carletter
		Speaking : A show you love or hate.	Writing a

		Making a social arrangement.	review
		Writing: Write a review of a film, musical or	Test 7
		concert.	1 CSt /
10.	Social Life	Grammar: Polite requests	Grammar
10.	Social Life	will and shall for instant responses	exercises
	Letter to a	Vocabulary: Social behaviour	CACICISCS
	Chronic	Tatking about norms and	Test
	Computer User	customs	translation
	Computer Oser	Reading: My big night outl	uansianon
	Mobile Phone	Letter to a Chronic Computer User	Oral
		Mobile Phone Etiquette	discussion
	Etiquette	Listening: Modern manners quiz	Composition
		Pronunciation: Polite intonation in requests	Test 8
		Video: Addicted to games.	
		Speaking: Social networking/ mobile	Progress test 7-8
		addiction	7-0
11.		Writing: Tips for foreigners.	
11.		Обзор пройденного материала, прием зачета	
12.	Stuff!	Grammar: Defining relative clauses	Grammar
14.	Stuff!	Quantifiers	exercises
		Vocabulary: How gadgets work	CACICISCS
		Descri bi ng everyday	Test
		objects Describing everyday	translation
		Reading: Consumer crazy	translation
		Listening: How gadgets work	Oral
		Pronunciation: Stress in compound nouns	discussion
		Video: Buying things	Composition
		Speaking: Talk about objects that are	Composition
		important to you	Writing
		Writing: A short thank-you message	messages
		Tribing II short tham you message	Test 9
13.	Society and	Grammar: Making predictions	Grammar
10.	Change.	Hypothetical possibilities with <i>if</i>	exercises
		Vocabulary: Numbers and statistics	
	Information	Reading: The future will surprise us	Test
	Overload	Listening: Society and change	translation
		Pronunciation: Shifting stress in word	
		families	Composition
		Video: Technology that has changed their	Test 10
		lives.	Progress test
		Speaking : Balance the budget	9-10
		Writing: E-waste	
14.	Rules.	Grammar: Obligation and permission in the	Grammar
		present	exercises
	Crime on the Net	Obligation and permission in the	
		past	Test
		Vocabulary: Linking words	translation
		Crime and punishment	
		Reading: Exclusive clubs	Oral
		Listening: Annoying rules	discussion
		Pronunciation: Modal verbs in connected	
		speech.	
		Video: A story that rocked the world.	Composition

		Speaking: How to protect your computer.	Test 11
		Writing: An opinion essay	
15.		Обзор пройденного материала, прием	
		зачета	
16.	Your Choice.	Grammar: could have, should have, would	Grammar
		have hypothetical situations in the past with if	exercises
	How to Deal	Vocabulary : Probtems and sotutions	
	with Computer	Reading: How to make decisions	Test
	Fatigue	How to Deal with Computer Fatigue	translation
	The Future of	The Future of the Robotics	
	Robotics	Pronunciation: Past modal forms t in	Oral
		connected speech.	discussion
		Video: Living in a foreign country.	Compositiion
		Speaking : Personal problems.	Test 12
		The problem of immigration and	Progress test
		emigration.	11-12
			End of course
		Writing: Write a paragraph about going to	test
		live in another country.	
17.		Экзамен	

2.3.4. Курсовые работы (проекты) – не предусмотрены.

2.4 Перечень учебно-методического обеспечения для самостоятельной работы обучающихся по дисциплине (модулю)

No	Вид СРС	Перечень учебно-методического обеспечения дисциплины по выполнению самостоятельной работы	
1	2	3	
1	Выполнение грамматических упражнений	Murphy R English Grammar in Use, Cambridge University Press.	
2		Миньяр-Белоручева А.П. Рекомендации по обучению английской письменной речи: Учебное пособие. – М.: МАКС Пресс, 2014. – 88 с.	
3	Составление личного и делового письма	Волошина К.С., Савельева О. Г. Business English for Everyone. Учебно-практическое пособие. Краснодар, 2016.	
4	Написание рекламного текста	Миньяр-Белоручева А.П. Рекомендации по обучению английской письменной речи: Учебное пособие. – М.: МАКС Пресс, 2014. – 88 с.	
5	Подготовка интервью	Andy Hopkins, Madeleine du Vivier, Joc Potter More Work in Progress. Longman, 1998	
6	Составление диалогов	Калинкина Т. Е. Методические материалы для составления диалогов. 2013. http://nsportal.ru Andy Hopkins, Madeleine du Vivier, Joc Potter More Work in Progress. Longman, 1998	

7	1 1	И.Л. Мостицкий Англо-русский энциклопедический словарь по современной электронной технике и программированию. М., Триумф, 2004. Семерджиди В.Н. Digital Native. Краснодар, КубГУ, 2017.
8	Выполнение	Murphy R. English Grammar in Use, Cambridge University
	контрольных работ	Press.
9		Методические указания по организации самостоятельной работы по дисциплине «Иностранный язык», утвержденные
		кафедрой английского языка в профессиональной сфере,
		протокол № 10 от 02 июня 2017г.

Учебно-методические материалы для самостоятельной работы обучающихся из числа инвалидов и лиц с ограниченными возможностями здоровья (OB3) предоставляются в формах, адаптированных к ограничениям их здоровья и восприятия информации:

Для лиц с нарушениями зрения:

- в печатной форме увеличенным шрифтом,
- в форме электронного документа,
- в форме аудиофайла.

Для лиц с нарушениями слуха:

- в печатной форме,
- в форме электронного документа.

Для лиц с нарушениями опорно-двигательного аппарата:

- в печатной форме,
- в форме электронного документа,
- в форме аудиофайла.

Данный перечень может быть конкретизирован в зависимости от контингента обучающихся.

3. Образовательные технологии.

Выбор образовательных технологий для достижения целей и решения задач, поставленных в рамках учебной дисциплины «Иностранный язык» обусловлен потребностью сформировать у студентов комплекс общекультурных компетенций, необходимых для осуществления межличностного взаимодействия и сотрудничества в условиях межкультурной коммуникации, а также обеспечивать требуемое качество обучения на всех его этапах.

I CEMECTP

$N_{\underline{0}}$	Наименование разделов (тем)	Используемые интерактивные	Кол-во
		образовательные технологии	часов
1.	Your World. Life before the Computer.	Дискуссия Ролевая игра Социологический опрос	10
2.	Memory. Hooking up my computer	Дискуссия Ролевая игра	10
3.	Across the Globe. On Computers.	Пресс-конференция Ролевая игра	12
	Итого		32

№	Наименование разделов (тем)	Используемые интерактивные	Кол-во
		образовательные технологии	часов
4.	Real Lives.	Дебаты	10
	Famous Inventors	Дискуссия	
	(D. Engelbart, S, Jobs).		
5.	Go for It	Социологический опрос	10
	M. Zuckerberg is the King of Social	Разбор ситуаций (case study)	
	Networking.		
6.	True Stories.	Разбор ситуаций (case study)	8
	Cash Machine		
	Итого		28

III CEMECTP

No	Наименование разделов (тем)	Используемые интерактивные	Кол-во
		образовательные технологии	часов
7.	Must See	Ролевая игра	10
	Smaart Life	Дискуссия	
8.	Social Life	Социологический опрос Разбор	12
	Mobile Phone Etiquette	ситуаций (case study)	
	Итого		22

IV CEMECTP

No	Наименование разделов (тем)	Используемые интерактивные	Кол-
		образовательные технологии	во
			часов
9.	Stuff!	Разбор ситуаций (case study)	10
10.	Society and Change.	Разбор ситуаций (case study)	12
	Information Overload	Брейн-ринг	
11.	Rules.	Разбор ситуаций (case study)	10
	Crime on the Net	Социологический опрос	
	Итого		32

V CEMECTP

No	Наименование разделов (тем)	Используемые интерактивные	Кол-во
		образовательные технологии	часов
12.	Your Choice.	Пресс-конференция	10
	How to Deal with Computer Fatigue	Разбор ситуаций (case study)	
	The Future of Robotics	Дискуссия	
	Итого		10
	Итого		124

При обучении иностранному языку используются следующие образовательные технологии:

- Технология коммуникативного обучения направлена на формирование коммуникативной компетентности студентов, которая является базовой, необходимой для адаптации к современным условиям межкультурной коммуникации.
- Проектная технология ориентирована на моделирование социального взаимодействия учащихся с целью решения задачи, которая определяется в рамках профессиональной подготовки студентов, выделяя ту или иную предметную область. Использование проектной технологии способствует реализации междисциплинарного характера компетенций, формирующихся в процессе обучения английскому языку.
- Технология обучения в сотрудничестве реализует идею взаимного обучения, осуществляя как индивидуальную, так и коллективную ответственность за решение учебных задач.
- Игровая технология позволяет развивать навыки рассмотрения ряда возможных способов решения проблем, активизируя мышление студентов и раскрывая личностный потенциал каждого учащегося.

Для лиц с ограниченными возможностями здоровья предусмотрена организация консультаций с использованием электронной почты.

4. Оценочные средства для текущего контроля успеваемости и промежуточной аттестации.

4.1 Фонд оценочных средств для проведения текущего контроля.

Текущий контроль осуществляется на лабораторно-практических занятиях, где оцениваются ответы студентов, качество выполнения домашних работ, индивидуальных заданий. Он реализуется в форме тестирования, подготовки монологического высказывания в устной или письменной формах, подготовки презентации, перевода с английского языка на русский.

Оценочные средства позволяют проводить контроль отдельных аспектов формируемой иноязычной профессиональной компетенции:

No॒	Контролируемый компонент	Формы и/ или
1	Контроль уровня сформированности языковых навыков и умений в области фонетики, лексики, грамматики изучаемого иностранного языка для реализации социального взаимодействия на изучаемом иностранном языке	тестирование Тестирование
2	Контроль уровня сформированности умений иноязычного общения в устной и письменной формах (говорение, письмо) в ситуациях межличностного и межкультурного социального взаимодействия на изучаемом иностранном языке	Подготовка монологического высказывания в устной или письменной формах
3	Контроль уровня сформированности навыков, умений, способностей создания понятных, корректных, терминологически насыщенных текстов профессиональной тематики на иностранном языке и на родном языке как следствие перевода с иностранного	Перевод с английского на русский Пересказ текста
4	Контроль уровня сформированности рецептивных видов речевой деятельности (чтение и аудирование), в том числе и в рамках будущей профессиональной деятельности	Тестирование
5	Контроль уровня сформированности умений использовать профессионально-ориентированные средства иностранного языка для осуществления социального взаимодействия на изучаемом иностранных языков.	Тестирование
6	Контроль уровня сформированности способностей к иноязычной эффективной коммуникации на основе толерантного восприятия этнических, конфессиональных и культурных различий	Проект

4.2 Фонд оценочных средств для проведения промежуточной аттестации.

Зачет предусматривает проверку качества знаний и сформированности умений в области:

- 1) иноязычных фонетических, грамматических, лексических навыков и умений для реализации иноязычной коммуникации на основе толерантного восприятия этнических, конфессиональных и культурных различий;
- 2) умений иноязычного общения в устной и письменной формах в ситуациях межличностного и межкультурного взаимодействия на изучаемом иностранном языке;
- 3) рецептивных видов речевой деятельности (чтение и аудирование), в том числе и в рамках будущей профессиональной деятельности.

Зачет включает следующие задания:

- 1) тест на проверку соответствия уровня сформированности иноязычных грамматических, лексических навыков и умений реализации иноязычной коммуникации на основе толерантного восприятия этнических, конфессиональных и культурных различий;
- 2) монологическое высказывание в ситуациях межличностного и межкультурного взаимодействия на изучаемом иностранном языке;
- 3) тест на проверку соответствия уровня сформированности рецептивных видов речевой деятельности (чтение).

Образцы примерных заданий для зачета 1 семестр

1. Тест на проверку соответствия уровня сформированности иноязычных грамматических, лексических навыков и умений для реализации социального взаимолействия на изучаемом иностранном языке.

1. Complete the conteness with the works in the how	
1. Complete the sentences with the verbs in the box. did does don't have isn't wasn't	
Did you have a good flight?	
Yes, thanks, I <u>did</u> .	
1 Is this your first trip to England?	
No, actually, it I often come here.	
2 Do you know your neighbours?	
No, I because they're never at home!	
3 Does your brother speak English?	
Yes, he He's pretty fluent.	
4 Were you born in London?	
No, I I'm Canadian.	
5 Have you got a big family?	
Yes, I I've got three brothers and two sisters.	
	5
2. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verb in brackets.	
Paul 's studying (study) in Germany this year.	
1 We always (go) out on Friday evenings.	
2 Sarah (not know) Alex.	
3 I (not work) at the moment.	
4 you (like) your new job?	
5 It (get) cold in here. Can you please close the window?	
	10

3. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in the box.

watch ring be feel forget have meet recognise start see walk work
I was watching TV when the phone rang.
1 While we in the park, it to rain.
2 When he young, Mark dark, curly hair.
3 I Ben when I him yesterday because he looks very
different now.
4 How you when you John for the first time?
5 While I on the computer I to save my work.
4. Choose the correct answers.
We <u>used to</u> / would have lots of pets when we were children.
1 I wouldn't / didn't use to enjoy school because I was very shy. 2 Did you use to / Would you live in a big house? 3 As a child I would / used to often spend time alone.
4 Claudia <i>would / used to</i> do a lot of sport, so she was very fit, but now she's quite lazy. 5 My parents <i>wouldn't / didn't use to</i> help us with our homework because they never had time.
Vocabulary 5. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words in the box. You won't need al the words.
niece acquaintance best friend colleague employee flatmate grandchild half-brother mother-in-law neighbour stepmother I'm my aunt's niece.
1My grandmother has ten including me and my brother. 2 Paul knows a lot of people, but most of them are, not real friends. 3 How many work at your company?
4 I'd prefer to live alone, but my are ok!
5 My father remarried last year and luckily my is really nice.
6. Complete the sentences with a suitable verb. You have the first letter to help you. When we were naughty, our parents punished us.
 1 It's important to e your children to do their best. 2 I r all my teachers and my parents when I was a child because they were older and wiser than me.
3 My mother used to c me when I did something she didn't like. 4 Most teenagers a with their parents because they want to find their boundaries. 5 It's a parent's job to g their children confidence.
7. Complete the sentences with the correct form of remember, remind, recognise or
forget. Please <u>remember</u> to call me later.
1 I'm sorry, I you with short hair! 2 I can't believe that you my birthday again. I'm really upset. 3 Karen really me of my sister.
4 Do you when Zak said he was going to get married?

5 I never a face, so I know we've never met before.	
Functional language 8. Complete the conversations with the questions in the box.	
Did you? Did he? Do you? Haven't you? Was it? Were you?	
Kate and I met at university. <u>Did you?</u> When was that? 1 I haven't finished my homework yet. Why's that? 2 It was incredibly hot when we were on holiday.	
How lucky. 3 I really love living here because I go hiking every weekend. That sounds fun. 4 Dan went to the same school as I did.	
Were you friends? 5 We were in the front row at the Justin Bieber concert.	
Wow!	
10. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word in brackets. People say that the English are the most hard-working (hard-working) nation in Europe because they work such long hours. 1 Norway is from Spain (far) England is. 2 Brazil is the (large) country in South America. 3 I'm sure Berlin is much (big) than Paris. 4 The Zoo is one of (popular) tourist attractions in London. Millions of visitors go there every year. 5 According to a recent survey, the Danes are (funny) people in Europe guess life in Denmark must be pretty good.	, so I
11. Replace the crossed out word with the correct word. There are far many people on the planet now than there were 50 years ago. 1 The games teenagers play today are completely different as the games our played. 2 Is the food we eat similar than the food our parents used to eat? 3 There was fewer traffic 50 years ago. 4 The quality of clothing used to be better as it is today. 5 I enjoy completely the same things as my parents do.	ents - - - -
12. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verb in brackets. Who <i>invented</i> (invent) the world wide web? 1 Mark (give) a lot of money to charity this year. 2 How many films Brad Pitt (make)? 3 Madonna (start) singing when she was very young. 4 How many books you (read) so far this year? 5 When you (win) the poetry competition?]

Total: 100
 Монологическое высказывание в ситуациях межличностного и межкультурного социального взаимодействия на изучаемом иностранном языке
2 семестр
1. Тест на проверку соответствия уровня сформированности иноязычных грамматических,
лексических навыков и умений для реализации социального взаимодействия на изучаемом
иностранном языке
Pronunciation 1 Track 5 Listen and underline the stressed syllables.
distr <u>a</u> ction
1 knowledgeable 2 succeed
3 imagination
4 failure
5 distracting
6 profit
7 experienced
8 productive
9 improvement
10 imaginative
2 Track 6 Listen to the sentences. Write 1 if the sentence is Past simple or 2 if the sentence
I gura had never been to the USA before 2
Laura had never been to the USA before. 2
<u> </u>

Laura had never	been to the USA befo	re. <u> 2</u>
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		
7		
8		
9		
10		
Language focus		
0 0	rect answer: a, b or o	0
	$\underline{\imath}$ start looking for a r	new job?
a intend to	b thinking of	c about to
1 I think I	go back to college	next year.
a 'm due to	b 'm about to	c 'll
2 Jack's	training to be a teach	er.

3 Maria's finally made up her mind, She her job. a quits bill quit c's going to quit 4 What this evening? Do you want to meet up? a re you doing bwill you do care you going to do should be care you going to do a form of giving bdon't give c'm not going 10 4 Match sentence beginnings 1-6 with endings a-f. I don't think I'll go travelling a until I've got my exam results. I propose for a part-time job a soon as I have enough money. I'm going to get a part-time job ba soon as I have enough money. I'm leaving the country d when I leave school. I'm leaving the country d when I leave school. I'm leaving the country d when I leave school. I'm leave the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in brackets. Anna had lived (live) in Australia for years before she moved (move) to Canada. I knew when I saw you that we (meet) before because I	3 Maria's finally made up her mind. She	c about to
a quits b 'll quit c's going to quit 4 What	<i>J</i> 1	her job.
a are you doing b will you do c are you going to do 5 Although there aren't many jobs around, I up hope. a 'm not giving b don't give c mings a—f. 1 Gon't think I'll go travelling a a until I've got my exam results. 1 I'm going to get a part-time job b as soon as I have enough money. 2 I'll take my driving test again c unless I'm offered something better. 3 I'm leaving the country d when I leave school. 4 I want to see the world e before I get married and have children. 5 I'll take this job f if I don't pass this time. 5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in brackets. Anna had lived (live) in Australia for years before she moved (move) to Canada. 1 I knew when I saw you that we (meet) before because I (meet) before because I (meet) be (forget) his keys as soon as he shut the door. 3 Why you (not tell) me that you (see) the film already? 4 John and Lucy (be) married for ten years before they (have) their first child. 5 Luckily I (not buy) you any birthday presents before you (tell) me what you wanted. 6 Rewrite the sentences as reported speech. 1 The too busy to go out. 1 'We won't forget to get the tickets.' Matt said 2 'ld on't believe any of your stories.' Laura said 3 'law was too busy to go out. 1 'We won't believe any of your stories.' Laura said 5 'Why are you being so unfriendly?' Fred asked his neighbours why	a quits b 'll quit	c 's going to quit
5 Although there aren't many jobs around, Iup hope. a 'm not giving b don't give c 'm not going 4 Match sentence beginnings 1–6 with endings a—f. I don't think I'll go travelling a a until I've got my exam results. I l'm going to get a part-time job ba soon as I have enough money. c unless I'm offered something better. d when I leave school. e before I get married and have children. 5 I'll take my driving test again d when I leave school. e before I get married and have children. 5 I'll take this job f if I don't pass this time. 5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in brackets. Anna had lived (live) in Australia for years before she moved (move) to Canada. 1 I knew when I saw you that we (forget) bis keys as soon as he shut the door. 3 Why you (not tell) me that you (see) the film already? 4 John and Lucy (be) married for ten years before they (have) their first child. 5 Luckily I (not buy) you any birthday presents before you (tell) me what you wanted. 6 Rewrite the sentences as reported speech. 'I'm too busy to go out.' Clare said she was too busy to go out. 1 'We won't forget to get the tickets.' Matt said ? James asked me 4 'I've always wanted to go to Mexico.' Dad said 5 'Why are you being so unfriendly?' Fred asked his neighbours why		
a 'm not giving b don't give c 'm not going 10 4 Match sentence beginnings 1-6 with endings a-f. I don't think I'll go travelling a a until I've got my exam results. I I'm going to get a part-time job b as soon as I have enough money. I'm leaving the country d when I leave school. I'm leaving the country d when I leave school. I want to see the world e before I get married and have children. I l'awant to see the world first law this job first leave got my exam results. I l'awant to see the world first leave got my exam results. I want to see the world first leave got my exam results. I l'awant to see the world first leave school. I law this job first leave got my exam results. I l'awant to see the world first leave got my exam results. I l'awant to see the world first leave got my exam results. I l'awant to see the world first leave got my exam results. I l'awant to see the world first leave got my exam results. I l'awant leave got my exam results. I l'awant leave school. I l'awant leave school in brackets. I'm sure Jawant leave school		
4 Match sentence beginnings 1–6 with endings a–f. I don't think I'll go travelling a a until I've got my exam results. I I'm going to get a part-time job b as soon as I have enough money. I'll take my driving test again c unless I'm offered something better. I'm leaving the country d when I leave school. I want to see the world e before I get married and have children. I l'an leaving the country d when I leave school. I want to see the world e before I get married and have children. I l'an leaving the country d when I leave school. I like this job f if I don't pass this time. S Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in brackets. Anna had lived (live) in Australia for years before she moved (move) to Canada. I knew when I saw you that we (meet) before because I (remember) your face. 2 Paul (realise) he (forget) his keys as soon as he shut the door. 3 Why you (not tell) me that you (see) the film already? 4 John and Lucy (be) married for ten years before they (have) their first child. 5 Luckily I (not buy) you any birthday presents before you (tell) me what you wanted. 6 Rewrite the sentences as reported speech. 'I'm too busy to go out.' Clare said she was too busy to go out. 1 We won't forget to get the tickets.' Matt said 2 'I don't believe any of your stories'. Laura said 3 'Have you ever been to Africa?' James asked me 4 'I've always wanted to go to Mexico.' Dad said 5 'Why are you being so unfriendly?' Fred asked his neighbours why 10 Vocabulary 7 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word in brackets. I'm sure Jane will be very successful (succeed) in her new job as she's very bright. 1 Harry's very (know), so he'll be able to help you. 2 There have been a lot of (improve) to the environment at work, so everyone's much happier. 3 Your (fail) to do as I say has caused a lot of problems.	5 Although there aren't many jobs around,	I up hope.
4 Match sentence beginnings 1–6 with endings a—f. I don't think I'll go travelling a a until I've got my exam results. I'm going to get a part-time job b as soon as I have enough money. 2 I'll take my driving test again c unless I'm offered something better. 3 I'm leaving the country d d when I leave school. 4 I want to see the world e before I get married and have children. 5 I'll take this job f if I don't pass this time. 5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in brackets. Anna had lived (live) in Australia for years before she moved (move) to Canada. 1 I knew when I saw you that we (meet) before because I (remember) your face. 2 Paul (realise) he (forget) his keys as soon as he shut the door. 3 Why you (not tell) me that you (see) the film already? 4 John and Lucy (be) married for ten years before they (have) their first child. 5 Luckily I (not buy) you any birthday presents before you (tell) me what you wanted. 6 Rewrite the sentences as reported speech. 'I'm too busy to go out.' Clare said she was too busy to go out. 1 'We won't forget to get the tickets.' Matt said 2 2 'I don't believe any of your stories.' Laura said 3 'Have you ever been to Africa?' James asked me 4 'I've always wanted to go to Mexico.' Dad said 5 'Have you being so unfriendly?' Fred asked his neighbours why 10 Vocabulary 7 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word in brackets. I'm sure Jane will be very successful (succeed) in her new job as she's very bright. 1 Harry's very (know), so he'll be able to help you. 2 There have been a lot of (improve) to the environment at work, so everyone's much happier. 4 You (fail) to do as I say has caused a lot of problems.	a 'm not giving b don't give	c 'm not going
I I'm going to get a part-time job		10
I I'm going to get a part-time job	4 Match sentence beginnings 1–6 with en	dings a–f.
1 I'm going to get a part-time job		9
2 I'll take my driving test again		- •
3 I'm leaving the country		
4 I want to see the world		d when I leave school.
5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in brackets. Anna had lived (live) in Australia for years before she moved (move) to Canada. 1 I knew when I saw you that we		e before I get married and have children.
5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in brackets. Anna had lived (live) in Australia for years before she moved (move) to Canada. 1 I knew when I saw you that we	5 I'll take this job	f if I don't pass this time.
5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in brackets. Anna had lived (live) in Australia for years before she moved (move) to Canada. 1 I knew when I saw you that we		
5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in brackets. Anna had lived (live) in Australia for years before she moved (move) to Canada. 1 I knew when I saw you that we		10
Anna had lived (live) in Australia for years before she moved (move) to Canada. 1 I knew when I saw you that we	5 Complete the sentences with the correct	
1 I knew when I saw you that we	_	
(remember) your face. 2 Paul (realise) he (forget) his keys as soon as he shut the door. 3 Why you (not tell) me that you (see) the film already? 4 John and Lucy (be) married for ten years before they (have) their first child. 5 Luckily I (not buy) you any birthday presents before you (tell) me what you wanted. 10 6 Rewrite the sentences as reported speech. 'I'm too busy to go out.' Clare said she was too busy to go out. 1 'We won't forget to get the tickets.' Matt said 2 'I don't believe any of your stories.' Laura said 3 'Have you ever been to Africa?' James asked me 4 'I've always wanted to go to Mexico.' Dad said 5 'Why are you being so unfriendly?' Fred asked his neighbours why		
2 Paul (realise) he (forget) his keys as soon as he shut the door. 3 Why you (not tell) me that you (see) the film already? 4 John and Lucy (be) married for ten years before they (have) their first child. 5 Luckily I (not buy) you any birthday presents before you (tell) me what you wanted. 10 6 Rewrite the sentences as reported speech. 1'I'm too busy to go out. 1'We won't forget to get the tickets.' Matt said 2 '1 don't believe any of your stories.' Laura said 3 'Have you ever been to Africa?' James asked me 4 '1've always wanted to go to Mexico.' Dad said 5 'Why are you being so unfriendly?' Fred asked his neighbours why 10 Vocabulary 7 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word in brackets. 1'm sure Jane will be very successful (succeed) in her new job as she's very bright. 1 Harry's very (know), so he'll be able to help you. 2 There have been a lot of (improve) to the environment at work, so everyone's much happier. 3 Your (fail) to do as I say has caused a lot of problems. 4 We're looking for an (experience) administrator to join our team.		(meet) before because I
door. 3 Why you (not tell) me that you (see) the film already? 4 John and Lucy (be) married for ten years before they (have) their first child. 5 Luckily I (not buy) you any birthday presents before you (tell) me what you wanted. 6 Rewrite the sentences as reported speech. 'I'm too busy to go out.' Clare said she was too busy to go out. 1 'We won't forget to get the tickets.' Matt said 2 '1 don't believe any of your stories.' Laura said 3 'Have you ever been to Africa?' James asked me 4 'I've always wanted to go to Mexico.' Dad said 5 'Why are you being so unfriendly?' Fred asked his neighbours why 10 Vocabulary 7 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word in brackets. I'm sure Jane will be very successful (succeed) in her new job as she's very bright. 1 Harry's very (know), so he'll be able to help you. 2 There have been a lot of (improve) to the environment at work, so everyone's much happier. 3 Your (fail) to do as I say has caused a lot of problems. 4 We're looking for an (experience) administrator to join our team.		(forget) his keys as soon as he shut—the
3 Why		(rorger) his helps as soon as he share the
4 John and Lucy		you (see) the film already?
first child. 5 Luckily I		
(tell) me what you wanted. 6 Rewrite the sentences as reported speech. 1 'I'm too busy to go out.' Clare said she was too busy to go out. 1 'We won't forget to get the tickets.' Matt said 2 'I don't believe any of your stories.' Laura said 3 'Have you ever been to Africa?' James asked me 4 'I've always wanted to go to Mexico.' Dad said 5 'Why are you being so unfriendly?' Fred asked his neighbours why 10 Vocabulary 7 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word in brackets. I'm sure Jane will be very successful (succeed) in her new job as she's very bright. 1 Harry's very		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
(tell) me what you wanted. 6 Rewrite the sentences as reported speech. 1 'I'm too busy to go out.' Clare said she was too busy to go out. 1 'We won't forget to get the tickets.' Matt said 2 'I don't believe any of your stories.' Laura said 3 'Have you ever been to Africa?' James asked me 4 'I've always wanted to go to Mexico.' Dad said 5 'Why are you being so unfriendly?' Fred asked his neighbours why 10 Vocabulary 7 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word in brackets. I'm sure Jane will be very successful (succeed) in her new job as she's very bright. 1 Harry's very	5 Luckily I (not buy) you a	ny birthday presents before you
6 Rewrite the sentences as reported speech. 'I'm too busy to go out.' Clare said she was too busy to go out. 1 'We won't forget to get the tickets.' Matt said		, , , , , <u> </u>
6 Rewrite the sentences as reported speech. 'I'm too busy to go out.' Clare said she was too busy to go out. 1 'We won't forget to get the tickets.' Matt said		10
'I'm too busy to go out.' Clare said she was too busy to go out. 1 'We won't forget to get the tickets.' Matt said	6 Rewrite the sentences as reported speed	
Clare said she was too busy to go out. 1 'We won't forget to get the tickets.' Matt said		
1 'We won't forget to get the tickets.' Matt said		
Matt said		
Laura said		
Laura said	Matt said	
3 'Have you ever been to Africa?' James asked me 4 'I've always wanted to go to Mexico.' Dad said 5 'Why are you being so unfriendly?' Fred asked his neighbours why Vocabulary 7 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word in brackets. I'm sure Jane will be very successful (succeed) in her new job as she's very bright. 1 Harry's very (know), so he'll be able to help you. 2 There have been a lot of (improve) to the environment at work, so everyone's much happier. 3 Your (fail) to do as I say has caused a lot of problems. 4 We're looking for an (experience) administrator to join our team.	Matt said 2 'I don't believe any of your stories.'	
James asked me	Matt said2 'I don't believe any of your stories.' Laura said	
Dad said	Laura said	_· ·
Dad said	Laura said3 'Have you ever been to Africa?'	·
Vocabulary 7 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word in brackets. I'm sure Jane will be very <u>successful</u> (succeed) in her new job as she's very bright. 1 Harry's very	Laura said3 'Have you ever been to Africa?'	·
Vocabulary 7 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word in brackets. I'm sure Jane will be very <u>successful</u> (succeed) in her new job as she's very bright. 1 Harry's very	Laura said	· ·
Vocabulary 7 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word in brackets. I'm sure Jane will be very <u>successful</u> (succeed) in her new job as she's very bright. 1 Harry's very	Laura said	· ·
7 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word in brackets. I'm sure Jane will be very <u>successful</u> (succeed) in her new job as she's very bright. 1 Harry's very	Laura said	· ·
7 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word in brackets. I'm sure Jane will be very <u>successful</u> (succeed) in her new job as she's very bright. 1 Harry's very	Laura said	··
I'm sure Jane will be very <u>successful</u> (succeed) in her new job as she's very bright. 1 Harry's very(know), so he'll be able to help you. 2 There have been a lot of(improve) to the environment at work, so everyone's much happier. 3 Your(fail) to do as I say has caused a lot of problems. 4 We're looking for an(experience) administrator to join our team.	Laura said	··
1 Harry's very(know), so he'll be able to help you. 2 There have been a lot of (improve) to the environment at work, so everyone's much happier. 3 Your (fail) to do as I say has caused a lot of problems. 4 We're looking for an (experience) administrator to join our team.	Laura said	·· ·
2 There have been a lot of (improve) to the environment at work, so everyone's much happier. 3 Your (fail) to do as I say has caused a lot of problems. 4 We're looking for an (experience) administrator to join our team.	Laura said	t form of the word in brackets.
everyone's much happier. 3 Your (fail) to do as I say has caused a lot of problems. 4 We're looking for an (experience) administrator to join our team.	Laura said	t form of the word in brackets. ceed) in her new job as she's very bright.
3 Your (fail) to do as I say has caused a lot of problems. 4 We're looking for an (experience) administrator to join our team.	Laura said	t form of the word in brackets. ceed) in her new job as she's very bright. so he'll be able to help you.
4 We're looking for an (experience) administrator to join our team.	Laura said	t form of the word in brackets. ceed) in her new job as she's very bright. so he'll be able to help you.
	Laura said	t form of the word in brackets. ceed) in her new job as she's very bright. so he'll be able to help you. (improve) to the environment at work, so
J 1	Laura said	t form of the word in brackets. ceed) in her new job as she's very bright. so he'll be able to help you. (improve) to the environment at work, so ay has caused a lot of problems.

10
8 Complete the sentences with a suitable word. You have the first letter to help you.
Dan works as a builder, so he has to be physically $\mathbf{f}\underline{i}\underline{t}$.
1 My sister's a doctor, which is a very sjob as she has a lot of responsibility.
2 I have lots of opportunities to t as I work for an international company.
3 What q do you need to be an accountant?
4 You need good c skills if you work in Public Relations.
5 I'm not very good with n , so I couldn't work in a bank!
10
9 Choose the correct answers.
My mother used to <i>say</i> / <i>tell</i> me off a lot when I was little.
1 It's important to say / tell the truth.
2 When you've done something wrong, you should always <i>say / tell</i> sorry.
3 I don't want to <i>say / tell</i> you anything about my plans in case nothing happens.
4 When I ask you a question, please <i>say / tell</i> yes or no.
5 When we were children we always <i>said / told</i> our prayers before we went to bed.
10
10 Choose the correct answer: a, b or c.
When I realised what had happened, I <u>a</u> called the police.
a immediately b gradually c suddenly
1 Although it was winter, it was warm in the sun.
a fortunately b obviously c surprisingly
2 Maria and Donna had been friends for a long time but, when Maria moved away, they
lost touch.
a thankfully b gradually c obviously 3 Wo'd been welling for hours when we
3 We'd been walking for hours when we got to the hotel.
a unfortunately b eventually c surprisingly 4 Martha didn't get her dream job, so she was very disappointed.
a obviously b suddenly c fortunately
5 I was having supper when all the lights went out.
a immediately b thankfully c suddenly
10
Functional language 11 Put the words in the correct order to make contened/questions
11 Put the words in the correct order to make sentences/questions. please / I / to / could / Laura Wicks / speak?
Could I speak to Laura Wicks, please?
1 calling / ask / can / who's / I?
reaning ask rean who stri
2 Mr Jones / you / her / could / it's / tell ?
3 Rachel Smith / speak / please / to / I'd / to / like .
4 what / is / I / the / could / about / call / ask?
5 you / back / ask / to / could / me / call / her ?
5
12 Complete the sentences with the verbs in the box.
<i>speak</i> ask let take like see
Could I speak to John Jackson, please?
1 I'll just if she's free.
2 Could I what the call is about?

	your number			
	her know you call			
51'd	to speak to Lucy l	Robinson, please.		5
			Tot	al: 100
		ика монологически	х высказываний	
	Pushy parents.			
	-	or the inspiration Aw	ard.	
	Famous inventors.			
	Future plans and am			
	Make a formal telepl			
6. 4	A story that rocked t	he world.		
		3 семестр		
	• • •	* *	овня сформированно	
-			и умений для реализ	ации социального
		учаемом иностранн	юм языке.	
Pronunciation		ha wanda in tha ac	annat aalumn aaaandi	na to their stress
pattern.	Asten and write t	ne words in the co	orrect column accordi	ing to their stress
00	000	0000	000	
<u>freezing</u>	000	0000	000	
<u> </u>				
				5
2 Track 8 Lis	sten and underline	the stressed words.		
	the <i>bill</i> , please?			
1 Excuse me,	, can I get past, pleas	se?		
•	pass me the water, p	lease?		
_	nt if I sit here?			
•	nd if I leave a bit ear		2	
5 Could you	look after my bag w	hile I go to the toilet	!	
_				5
Language fo				
	e correct answers.	a vyhan tha matah at	auta d	
	•	g when the match stated about women exposed about women exposed in the contract of the contrac		
		ting when I can't do	-	
		_	mbarrassing, wasn't it?	
	•		e chosen for the competi	tion.
		hocked / shocking th	<u>-</u>	
	•	O	•	10
4 Complete	the sentences with t	the correct passive f	form of the verb in bra	
-		er movie <u>filmed (</u> film		
		(publish) e		
2 How many	films	_ (make) in Bollywo	ood so far this year?	
3 An exciting evening.	g new environmental	documentary	(show) on TV	later this
	ation about J K Row	ling's latest book	(release) at	the moment.
		(direct) by James C		

		10
--	--	----

5 Rewrite the sentence		ore polite. Use the v	word in brackets.
I want to speak to the	• , ,		
Can I speak to the man			
1 Give me a lift. (Coul	la)		
2 I want to join you. (a	all right)		
3 I want to leave early	today. (mind)		
4 Lend me £20. (Could	d)		
5 I want to pay for my	meal. (Can)		
			10
(Cl 4b	1		10
6 Choose the correct	answer: a, b or c.		
<u>a</u> help you?	h Am I aging to	o W/:11 I	
a Shall I	0 0	C WIII I	
1 meet outside a Shall we		c Will we	
2 to book a t			
	b I'll	c I'm going	
3join you la	-		
	b I'm going	c I'll	
4 eat at that i	0 0		
a I'm not going to			
5 pick you u		• Shun • W•	
	b Shall I	c Will I	
w 1 11	0 211411 1	• ,, 111 1	10
Vocabulary			
7 Complete the senter	nces with the words	in the box.	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	soap opera docume		ecast adverts
L	<u>F</u> . <u>F</u>		
I really enjoy <i>cooker</i> y	v programmes becaus	se I love food.	
1 The	says it's going to	be wet and windy for	or the next few days.
2 We watched a really	interesting	about the	world's oceans yesterday.
3 None of the			, , ,
4 I never miss my favo	ourite	even though no	thing much happens from day to
day.			
5 There are too many	or	the commercial TV	/ channels, so programmes are
interrupted every ten	minutes.		
			10
8 Match the ordinary	adjectives in A with	h the extreme adje	ctives in B.
A	U	В	
very hot	<u>a</u>	a boiling	
1 very bad	<u> </u>	b astonished	
2 very happy	<u> </u>	c freezing	
3 very cold		d excellent	
4 very angry	_ _ _	e fantastic	
5 very funny		f exhausted	
6 very good		g furious	
7 very surprised	<u> </u>	h terrified	
8 very tired		i terrible/awt	ful

10 very enjoya	ned	j hilarious	
10 very enjoya	ıble	k delighted	
			10
O Change the commo	at anawani a h an a		
	ct answer: a, b or c.	alvan d	
	\underline{a} out on their first date thi		
	b taking c sharin		
	_ you to my house for supper	·.	
1	b invite c offer		
2 It's the custom her	re to your friends or	n both cheeks.	
a kiss	b shake c hug		
	you up at 7 o'clock this	evening?	
	b shake c pick		
	-	when we go out. It can be quit	te embarrassing
sometimes.	on pujing for \$100 jimig	when we go out it turn so quit	. · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	b insists c shares		
	hands with someone when I	meet them for the first time	
		meet them for the first time.	
a shake	b hug c offer		
			10
10 Complete the se	ntences with the words in th	ne box.	
<i>tend</i> usual una	cceptable good normal	rude	
People tend to talk	about the weather a lot in Er	 noland	
	nanners to stand up when a te		
2 It's considered year	ry to answer you	r mobile phone in a meeting	
		i moone phone in a meeting.	
	o ask someone their age.		
4 It's perfectly	for friends to hug one	e another.	
5 It isn't	_ to go to a party without tak	ing a gift.	
			10
Even et an al lan even			
F uncuonai languas	ze		
Functional languag		ne box.	
11 Complete the se	ntences with the words in th	ne box.	
11 Complete the se	ntences with the words in the message ask instead		
11 Complete the se free meet sorry Are you free this e	ntences with the words in the message ask instead evening?		
11 Complete the se free meet sorry Are you free this e When you get this	ntences with the words in the message ask instead evening?, can you give me a		
11 Complete the se free meet sorry Are you free this e When you get this How about next w	mtences with the words in the message ask instead evening?, can you give me a reekend?	call?	
11 Complete the se free meet sorry Are you free this e 1 When you get this 2 How about next w 3 Oh, I can	ntences with the words in the message ask instead evening?, can you give me areekend? n't. I'm already doing somether	call?	
11 Complete the se free meet sorry Are you free this e 1 When you get this 2 How about next w 3 Oh, I can	ntences with the words in the message ask instead evening?, can you give me areekend? n't. I'm already doing somether	call?	
11 Complete the se free meet sorry Are you free this e When you get this How about next w	mtences with the words in the message ask instead evening?, can you give me are ekend? n't. I'm already doing someth you something.	call?	
free meet sorry Are you free this e When you get this How about next w Oh, I can I wanted to	mtences with the words in the message ask instead evening?, can you give me are ekend? n't. I'm already doing someth you something.	call?	
free meet sorry Are you free this e When you get this How about next w Oh, I can I wanted to Shall we	mtences with the words in the message ask instead evening?, can you give me are ekend? n't. I'm already doing someth you something at the restaurant?	call?	
11 Complete the se free meet sorry Are you free this e 1 When you get this 2 How about next w 3 Oh, I can 4 I wanted to 5 Shall we 12 Put the conversa	mtences with the words in the message ask instead evening? , can you give me are ekend? n't. I'm already doing someth you something at the restaurant?	call?	
11 Complete the se free meet sorry Are you free this e 1 When you get this 2 How about next w 3 Oh, I can 4 I wanted to 5 Shall we 12 Put the conversa a John: Hi, Lucy, can	mtences with the words in the message ask instead evening?, can you give me agreekend? n't. I'm already doing somethe you something at the restaurant? ation in the correct order. n you give me a call when you	call?	
11 Complete the se free meet sorry Are you free this e 1 When you get this 2 How about next w 3 Oh, I can 4 I wanted to 5 Shall we 12 Put the conversa a John: Hi, Lucy, can b Lucy: I'm sorry, I	mtences with the words in the message ask instead evening?, can you give me agreekend? n't. I'm already doing someth you something at the restaurant? ation in the correct order. n you give me a call when you give me a call when you already doing something.	call?	
11 Complete the se free meet sorry Are you free this e 1 When you get this 2 How about next w 3 Oh, I can 4 I wanted to 5 Shall we 12 Put the conversa a John: Hi, Lucy, ca b Lucy: I'm sorry, I'c Lucy: Yes, that so	mtences with the words in the message ask instead evening? , can you give me are ekend? n't. I'm already doing someth you something. at the restaurant? ation in the correct order. In you give me a call when you give me a call when you already doing something. unds great.	ing. u get this message?	
11 Complete the se free meet sorry Are you free this e 1 When you get this 2 How about next w 3 Oh, I can 4 I wanted to 5 Shall we 12 Put the conversa a John: Hi, Lucy, ca b Lucy: I'm sorry, I' c Lucy: Yes, that sor d John: Are you free	mtences with the words in the message ask instead evening? , can you give me are ekend? n't. I'm already doing someth you something. at the restaurant? ation in the correct order. n you give me a call when you give me a call when you may already doing something. at this evening? I've got two times.	ing. u get this message?	
free meet sorry Are you free this e 1 When you get this 2 How about next w 3 Oh, I can 4 I wanted to 5 Shall we 12 Put the conversa a John: Hi, Lucy, can b Lucy: I'm sorry, I' c Lucy: Yes, that sort d John: Are you free e Lucy: Hi, John. It'	mtences with the words in the message ask instead evening? , can you give me are ekend? n't. I'm already doing someth you something. at the restaurant? ation in the correct order. In you give me a call when you give me a call when you already doing something. at this evening? I've got two ties Lucy. I got your message.	ing. u get this message?	
free meet sorry Are you free this e 1 When you get this 2 How about next w 3 Oh, I can 4 I wanted to 5 Shall we 12 Put the conversa a John: Hi, Lucy, ca b Lucy: I'm sorry, I' c Lucy: Yes, that sor d John: Are you free e Lucy: Hi, John. It' f John: How about n	mtences with the words in the message ask instead evening? , can you give me are ekend? n't. I'm already doing someth you something. at the restaurant? ation in the correct order. n you give me a call when you give me a call when you may already doing something. at this evening? I've got two times.	ing. u get this message?	
free meet sorry Are you free this e 1 When you get this 2 How about next w 3 Oh, I can 4 I wanted to 5 Shall we 12 Put the conversa a John: Hi, Lucy, ca b Lucy: I'm sorry, I' c Lucy: Yes, that sor d John: Are you free e Lucy: Hi, John. It' f John: How about n	mtences with the words in the message ask instead evening? , can you give me are ekend? n't. I'm already doing someth you something. at the restaurant? ation in the correct order. In you give me a call when you give me a call when you already doing something. at this evening? I've got two ties Lucy. I got your message.	ing. u get this message?	
free meet sorry Are you free this e 1 When you get this 2 How about next w 3 Oh, I can 4 I wanted to 5 Shall we 12 Put the conversa a John: Hi, Lucy, ca b Lucy: I'm sorry, I' c Lucy: Yes, that sor d John: Are you free e Lucy: Hi, John. It' f John: How about n	mtences with the words in the message ask instead evening? , can you give me are ekend? n't. I'm already doing someth you something. at the restaurant? ation in the correct order. In you give me a call when you give me a call when you already doing something. at this evening? I've got two ties Lucy. I got your message.	ing. u get this message?	
free meet sorry Are you free this e 1 When you get this 2 How about next w 3 Oh, I can 4 I wanted to 5 Shall we 12 Put the conversa a John: Hi, Lucy, ca b Lucy: I'm sorry, I' c Lucy: Yes, that sor d John: Are you free e Lucy: Hi, John. It' f John: How about n	mtences with the words in the message ask instead evening? , can you give me agreekend? n't. I'm already doing someth you something. at the restaurant? ation in the correct order. In you give me a call when you give me	ing. u get this message?	
free meet sorry Are you free this e 1 When you get this 2 How about next w 3 Oh, I can 4 I wanted to 5 Shall we 12 Put the conversa a John: Hi, Lucy, ca b Lucy: I'm sorry, I' c Lucy: Yes, that sor d John: Are you free e Lucy: Hi, John. It' f John: How about n	mtences with the words in the message ask instead evening? , can you give me agreekend? n't. I'm already doing someth you something. at the restaurant? ation in the correct order. In you give me a call when you give me	ing. u get this message?	
free meet sorry Are you free this e 1 When you get this 2 How about next w 3 Oh, I can 4 I wanted to 5 Shall we 12 Put the conversa a John: Hi, Lucy, ca b Lucy: I'm sorry, I' c Lucy: Yes, that sor d John: Are you free e Lucy: Hi, John. It' f John: How about n	mtences with the words in the message ask instead evening? , can you give me agreekend? n't. I'm already doing someth you something. at the restaurant? ation in the correct order. In you give me a call when you give me	ing. u get this message?	
free meet sorry Are you free this e 1 When you get this 2 How about next w 3 Oh, I can 4 I wanted to 5 Shall we 12 Put the conversa a John: Hi, Lucy, can b Lucy: I'm sorry, I' c Lucy: Yes, that sort d John: Are you free e Lucy: Hi, John. It'	mtences with the words in the message ask instead evening? , can you give me agreekend? n't. I'm already doing someth you something. at the restaurant? ation in the correct order. In you give me a call when you give me	ing. u get this message?	
free meet sorry Are you free this e 1 When you get this 2 How about next w 3 Oh, I can 4 I wanted to 5 Shall we 12 Put the conversa a John: Hi, Lucy, ca b Lucy: I'm sorry, I' c Lucy: Yes, that sor d John: Are you free e Lucy: Hi, John. It' f John: How about n	mtences with the words in the message ask instead evening? , can you give me agreekend? n't. I'm already doing someth you something. at the restaurant? ation in the correct order. In you give me a call when you give me	ing. u get this message?	

			_
L .	Γot	al:	100
`	Tλ	Mewk	VITETVI

2.	Монологическое	высказывание	В	ситуациях	межличностного	И	межкультурного	
coı	оциального взаимодействия на изучаемом иностранном языке							

Тематика монологических высказываний

- 1. Make a social arrangement.
- 2. Describe a show you loved or hated.
- 3. Addiction to the Internet (social networking, computer games, mobile phones).
- 4. Mobile Phone Etiquette.
- 5. Smart Life.
- 6. Cutting edge inventions.

4 семестр

1. Тест на проверку соответствия уровня сформированности иноязычных грамматических, лексических навыков и умений для реализации социального

взаимодействия на изучаемом иностранном языке.
Pronunciation
1 Track 9 Listen and underline the stressed syllables in the compound nouns.
<u>dish</u> washer
1 recycling bin
2 internet addict
3 personal trainer
4 electric cooker
5 instruction manual
6 energy drink
7 mobile phone
8 washing machine
9 bodyguard
10 digital camera
5
2 Track 10 Listen to the sentences. Write 1 if you hear 'll (will) or 2 if you hear 'd (would).
I'd go to Spain with a group of friends. 2
$2^{\overline{}}$
3
1
5 <u> </u>
5
Language focus
3 Choose the correct answers.
I always enjoying buying things <u>that</u> / who have been reduced in price.
1 Isn't that the woman <i>which</i> / <i>whose</i> daughter is a fashion model?
2 The department store in town is the place <i>that / where</i> I buy all my clothes.
3 I really like the winter coat – / what you've just bought. Where did you get it?
4 I don't understand people which / who can spend all day shopping.
5 I've got a pair of shoes which / what are too small for me. Would you like to have them?
10
4 Complete the sentences with the words in the box.
enough several a couple of too much too many plenty

Don't worry. I've got <u>enough</u> money to pay for	our meals
1 There's no need to hurry as we've got	
2 I think I've eaten cake! I'm fe	eling a bit sick now
3 Paul has taken photos of the h	otel. so I'm sure some of them will be good.
4 I've only been to Greece times	s. so I don't know the country very well.
5 I don't like going to the beach when there are	
5 - 5	10
5 Put the words in the correct order to make	
longer / will / much / People / live / probably	
People will probably live much longer.	
1 more / is / cost / care / health / likely / much / t	50
2 disappear / will / almost / diseases / certainly /	some
3 everything / well / we / computers / may / for /	use
4 access / lot / drinking / a / of / probably / have	/ water / to / people / won't
5 standards / to / living / everyone / are / improv	e / for / unlikely
	10
6 Complete the sentences with the correct for	m of the verbs in brackets.
We <u>'Îl buy</u> (buy) a new computer if the old one	
1 If no-one (see) me pick the money u	p, I (keep) it.
2 If you (know) Ben was lying, what _	you (say)?
3 I (say) anything to Alice when I see	her later if you (want) me to.
4 If you (can) live anywhere, where _	
5 I (visit) you next summer if I	(have) enough money.
	10
Vocabulary	
7 Choose the correct answer: a, b or c.	
When you go out, it's a good idea to switch all	electrical appliances \underline{a} at the wall.
a off b on c out	
1 Can you the DVD because I want to	have a look at the picture on the screen?
a touch b crash c pause	
2 I don't know why the dishwasher isn't working	
a broken down b switched on c held o	
3 Dan had forgotten to the battery in h at the wedding.	is digital camera, so he couldn't take any photos
a recharge b scroll c restar	t
4 We had to the software on the laptor	recently because it kept crashing.
a press b freeze c reinst	
5 The photocopier at work has down a	gain because too many people are using it.
a scrolled b broken c held	
	10
8 Match the nouns in A with their description	
A	B
Repellent is used for \underline{a}	a keeping insects away.
1 Wellies are used for	b keeping your face and hands clean.
2 A torch is used for	c protecting your skin.
3 Sunscreen is used for	d storing your food.
4 Wet wipes are used for	e keeping your feet dry.
5 Plastic bags are used for	f helping you see in the dark.

		10
9 Write the numbers and their up	nits.	
twenty fifty (the year)	<u>2050</u>	
1 minus thirty-four degrees Centigr	rade	
2 four point six billion		
3 five hundred and seventy-two squ	uare metres	
4 twelve percent	. —	
5 three thousand kilometres per sec	cond	
10 Put the words in the box into	the correct categories.	10
the wealthy crime education		
tax-payers racism ordinary pe	eople homelessness defend	e transport
Groups in society	Social problems	Government responsibilities
the wealthy	crime	education
<u>, cassas, </u>		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
T (* 11		10
Functional language	nucet and an	
11 Put the conversation in the coa a Can I help at all?	rrect order.	
b How did you get on with them? I	Oid they fit?	
c I'll have a look for you. Here you		
d Do you have these jeans in a size		
e Yes, they were OK.		
f No, I'm just looking thanks.		
<u>a</u>		
1		
2		
3		
<u>a</u> 1 2 3 4 5		
5		
12 Change the convect engineer	h or o	
12 Choose the correct answer: a, <u>a</u> would you like to pay? – By		
	c How much	
1 I'm trying to place an order		
	c in	
2 Keep your in case you	want to bring the trousers bac	K.
a receipt b recipe 3 Could you the first line		
3 Could you the first line	c confirm	
a affirm b firm 4 Do I have to pay for?	Commi	
a deliver b delivery	c deliverance	
5 I can your order over the		

a have	bj	pay c t	ake		_	_
						5
					Total:	100
		е высказывание ействия на изуча			кэм и отонт	ккультурного
				ских высказые	заний	
1.	_	dn't live without				
2.	Buying things.					
3.	Social issues. E-waste.					
	On-line shopping	nσ				
6.		•				
	Information ov					
			5 семест	0		
1.	Тест на про	верку соответ			ованности	иноязычных
-		сических навы наемом иностран	-		еализации	социального
Pronunc	_	•				
1 Track	11 Listen to the	sentences. Writ	e 1 if the sent	ence is positiv	ve (+) or 2 if	the sentence
	ative (-).			01100 10 p 00101	() 01 = 11	2220
You m	ustn't leave your	bicycle here.	<u>2</u>			
1						
3						
4						
5						
						5
		ick the sentence	you hear.			
	could have met l	•				
	uld have been ea	et Lucy before. 🗸				
	uldn't have been	•				
	would have seen	•				
	wouldn't have se	•				
	would have removed wouldn't have re					
	could have help					
-	couldn't have h	•				
	should have sat					
b You	shouldn't have s	at down.			—	
						5
Langua	ge focus					
3 Comp	lete the sentence	es with the corre	ect form of th	e verb in brac	ekets.	
_		e your mobile pho				

1 We're lucky because we (have) wear a uniform, so I usually go to school in jeans. 2 I (allow) go out during the week because my parents are really strict. It's not fair! 3 You (have) have an ID card if you want to travel to other countries. 4 You really (ought) know the rules by now. We've played the game so often. 5 You (allow) park here after 6 o'clock, but not before.
4 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verb in brackets. We <u>were allowed to</u> (allow) stay up late on special occasions. 1 You (have) have a driving licence to drive a car in the early days, but of course you do now.
 2 My brother (can) play tennis really well when he was a teenager, but sadly he gave it up when he went to university. 3 I (allow) watch TV until I've done all my homework. 4 Before 1989 most people in Eastern Europe (can) travel abroad easily as they didn't
have passports. 5 Children (have) work in the 19th century, so there was no time to play.
5 Complete the sentences with would have, should have or could have and the correct form of the verb in brackets. We would have missed (miss) the train if we hadn't taken a taxi. 1 You (enjoy) the concert, so it's a good thing that you didn't come. 2 Look where you're going! You (hit) that child. 3 I agree, Dan (speak) to you like that, but you know how rude he can be sometimes. 4 Please calm down. You (do) anything to help. 5 I (know) that Alex would tell everyone about us!
know/do study/make ask/help leave/realise not be/go have/spend
If I had known then what I know now, I would have done things differently. 1 Max still in hospital if the operation well. 2 If I law, I a lot of money when I was younger. 3 If I enough money, I some time in Australia last year. 4 If Laura me for advice, I her. 5 Tim his wife a long time ago if he what she was like. Vocabulary
7 Complete the sentences with the words in the box.
for that reason also however what is more although as a result
We didn't know what to do and <i>for that reason</i> we did nothing. 1 I love keeping fit I love helping others keep fit, too. 2 people say the city centre is quite dangerous, I often go out alone. 3 I know that I don't take enough exercise, I do eat healthily. 4 Maria stopped eating meat recently and she feels much better. 5 Hannah is a fitness instructor and a dancer.

8 Complete the sentences with a suitable word or phrase. You have the firs	t letter to help
The <u>judge</u> sentenced the defendant to five years. There was an attempted b in the house next door.	
2 Cs is a sensible alternative to prison if the crime isn 3 I don't agree with the dp even if someone has committed a 4 Alex was accused of s as he was leaving the department sto	murder.
5 What was the most famous bank \mathbf{r}_{-} of all time?	10
 9 Complete the sentences with a suitable preposition. It's summer, the sun is shining and I don't have a care in the world! 1 I don't know what to do. I'm having a lot of problemsmmy neighbout 2 When I've sorted the problem, I'll let you know. 3 I've lost enough sleep the situation, so you'll just have to deal with 4 The problem won't go if you ignore it! 5 I can see you're upset. Let's have a coffee and talk things 10 Complete the sentences with a suitable word. You have the first letter to He looks as if he doesn't have a care in the world. 1 I always t my intuition. I can honestly say it has never let me down. 2 You can't i the problem, you've got to solve it. 3 Let's hurry up and m a decision. 4 This is ridiculous. I don't want to l any more sleep worrying about somethange. 	it now. 10 help you.
5 If you have any c , you can always talk to me.	10
	10
5 If you have any c, you can always talk to me. Functional language	10
5 If you have any c, you can always talk to me. Functional language 11 Complete the sentences with the verbs in the box.	<u></u>
Functional language 11 Complete the sentences with the verbs in the box. know mean say remember agree take I don't know about you, but I'm not happy with the situation. 1 To be honest I don't really with what you're suggesting. 2 You have to that everyone here is new. 3 What do you ? I'm afraid I don't understand. 4 Well, I your point, but I'm still not sure.	

2. Монологическое высказывание в ситуациях межличностного и межкультурного социального взаимодействия на изучаемом иностранном языке

Тематика монологических высказываний

- 1. Problems and solutions.
- 2. Immigration/emigration.
- 3. How to Deal with Computer Fatigue.
- 4. The Future of Robotics.

Экзамен предусматривает проверку качества знаний и сформированности умений в области:

- 1) языковых навыков и умений в области фонетики, лексики, грамматики изучаемого иностранного языка для реализации социального взаимодействия на изучаемом иностранном языке;
- 2) умений иноязычного общения в устной форме (говорение) в ситуациях межличностного и межкультурного социального взаимодействия на изучаемом иностранном языке;
- 3) создания понятных, корректных, терминологически насыщенных текстов профессиональной тематики на иностранном языке;
- 4) рецептивных видов речевой деятельности (чтение), в том числе и в рамках будущей профессиональной деятельности;
- 5) умений использовать профессионально-ориентированные средства иностранного языка для осуществления социального взаимодействия на изучаемом иностранных языков.

Экзамен включает следующие задания

- 1. чтение и перевод выделенного абзаца в письменной форме (с английского на русский) с последующим пересказом всего текста;
- 2. чтение и пересказ текста, беседа с экзаменатором по прочитанному тексту;
- 3. подготовка и порождение устного монологического высказывания по предложенной теме.

Образец экзаменационного билета

КУБАНСКИЙ ГОСУДАРСТВЕННЫЙ УНИВЕРСИТЕТ

Кафедра английского языка в профессиональной сфере Факультет компьютерных технологий и прикладной математики Иностранный язык

Билет № 1

- 1. Read and translate the marked passage of the text in written form. Retell the rest of the text.
- 2. Read and reproduce the text orally.
- 3. Speak on topic №1.

Зав. кафедрой английского языка в профессиональной сфере

3.И. Гурьева

Критерии оценки:

- оценка «отлично» выставляется студенту, если его ответ характеризуется умением грамотно использовать навыки перевода, адекватно подбирать лексико-грамматические единицы, а также употреблять разнообразные речевые средства. Кроме того, учитываются

и такие аспекты, как беглость и выразительность речи и смысловая связность высказывания.

- **оценка «хорошо»** выставляется в том случае, если студент продемонстрировал вышеуказанные навыки, но при этом допустил ряд незначительных ошибок, которые в целом не влияют на общее понимание изложенного им материала.
- оценка «удовлетворительно» выставляется, если при выполнении экзаменационных заданий студент допустил ряд серьезных ошибок при чтении, переводе и пересказе текста, а также не проявил достаточные навыки монологической речи.
- **-оценка «неудовлетворительно»** выставляется в том случае, если студент продемонстрировал полное отсутствие вышеуказанных навыков.

Образец задания на перевод (экзаменационное задание 1) The future of computers: what can we expect?

Years ago you would have forgiven people for believing that the typewriter was the end of the line as far as that invention goes. Considering how far we've come since the typewriter was created, it's incredible to even imagine a computer beyond the ones we are used to now. Yet new technology keeps appearing, including features we would have once only expected to see or read about in science fiction. Whilst it's hard to predict what's next, the question still remains: what do we have in store?

Cloud sharing: The idea of a cloud network replacing hard disks as we know them is fast becoming a reality. Both Apple and Microsoft have made cloud networks key to their respective operating system – the former with iCloud and the latter, if slightly late to the game, with SkyDrive. For the moment the cloud networks in existence are used for the sake of backing up computer data, or to share the same data across multiple devices – the more they develop, the more likely it is that something as "bulky" as a hard disk will soon become obsolete.

Smaller devices: This is already very much a factor. Tablets have already advanced far enough to be "replacements" for desktop computers, even making laptops seem bulky in comparison. Even more than that is the new generation of smartphones, which are becoming more and more similar in scope to computers. With a variety of apps available resembling – sometimes bettering – the software we are used to, it won't be too long before we can rely on them completely. Battery life is still an issue – but again, we can only expect mobile manufacturers to find new ways to develop and improve this with time. This is a generation still very much used to having computers around, and it is unlikely we'll see them disappear anytime soon. However, it is fast becoming time to reckon with what the future holds for our computers – and technology in general.

Образец текста для пересказа (экзаменационное задание 2) Going Paperless

In the early 1980s, F.W. Lancaster predicted a paperless society. We are not quite there yet and many not be for many years to come. There are some instances where paper is still the preferred format. Even though we have e-books, people still prefer to hold an actual paper book in their hand. There are situations, however, that going digital makes sense. Classroom and school administrative management is a perfect example. If your school has information technology infrastructure (wired and/or wireless), it is easy to implement cloud computing. And, the advantages of cloud computing far outweigh any disadvantages. From the administrative perspective:

- Staff and teacher time spent printing, filing, and distributing can be better used on more educationally-directed activities that impact student learning.
- Cost savings in terms of buying, leasing, and maintaining photocopiers and printers, ink cartridges, and paper.
- Return-on-investment by not needing to invest in purchasing, housing, and maintaining servers, software, and related IT items, such as thumb drives, and CD-ROMs.
- Greater efficiencies as teachers and staff can easily access documentation anytime, anywhere without needing to rely on someone being at their desk to sign-out a paper file.

- Streamlined workflow: Workflow can be tracked using various analytical tools to see how often files are accessed, busiest times of the day and days of the week, etc.
- \bullet Short learning curve: It does not take long a few hours (if that) to learn how to manage digital documents in the cloud.

The Big Leap

Going from paper to digital requires a big leap of faith. We want to hold onto that paper item because we can feel, see, and touch it – something not available with a digital object. However, think of it this way. Let's say you store your documents in the cloud and back it up in paper format. Along comes a major hurricane and wipes out the paper, yet the digital items are safe and sound and easily accessible because they are stored in a secure environment. No need to worry about having to try and replicate all those paper documents – a task that would literally be impossible to accomplish.

I share these insights with you not to promulgate a 100% digital environment. Like thousands of others, I still enjoy reading hard and soft cover books. During another part of my career I was able to let go of that venerable library card catalog – but not until the technology proved to be stable and reliable. We are at the time, now, where cloud computing is stable and reliable – providing us with opportunities to implement new ways of collaboration and learning – while letting go of our educational paper archives.

Темы для порождения монологических высказываний (экзаменационное задание 3)

- 1. Speak about KubSU and the Faculty of Computer Technology and Applied Mathematics. Describe your student life.
- 2. Describe an important event in your life.
- 3. Describe the place you would like to visit.
- 3. Krasnodar region is a business and cultural centre. Make recommendations about places to visit.
- 4. Famous inventors.
- 5. Speak about your own career history or the career of a family member.
- 6. A telephone conversation: You are calling about your job application.
- 7. Tell a story that rocked the world.
- 8. Make a social arrangement (Invite your friend to the cinema, theatre, concert).
- 9. Talk about addiction to the Internet (computer games, mobile phones).
- 10. Talk about buying a new computer (camera, printer).
- 11. Talk about objects that are important to you.
- 12. Talk about e-waste problem.
- 13. Talk about e-crime.
- 14. The information age and the problem of information overload and computer fatigue.

Оценочные средства для инвалидов и лиц с ограниченными возможностями здоровья выбираются с учетом их индивидуальных психофизических особенностей.

- при необходимости инвалидам и лицам с ограниченными возможностями здоровья предоставляется дополнительное время для подготовки ответа на экзамене;
- при проведении процедуры оценивания результатов обучения инвалидов и лиц с ограниченными возможностями здоровья предусматривается использование технических средств, необходимых им в связи с их индивидуальными особенностями;
- при необходимости для обучающихся с ограниченными возможностями здоровья и инвалидов процедура оценивания результатов обучения по дисциплине может проводиться в несколько этапов.

Процедура оценивания результатов обучения инвалидов и лиц с ограниченными возможностями здоровья по дисциплине (модулю) предусматривает предоставление

информации в формах, адаптированных к ограничениям их здоровья и восприятия информации:

Для лиц с нарушениями зрения:

- в печатной форме увеличенным шрифтом,
- в форме электронного документа.

Для лиц с нарушениями слуха:

- в печатной форме,
- в форме электронного документа.

Для лиц с нарушениями опорно-двигательного аппарата:

- в печатной форме,
- в форме электронного документа.

Данный перечень может быть конкретизирован в зависимости от контингента обучающихся.

5. Перечень основной и дополнительной учебной литературы, необходимой для освоения дисциплины (модуля).

5.1 Основная литература:

- 1. Семерджиди, Валентина Николаевна (КубГУ). Цифровое поколение [Текст] = Digital native : учебное пособие / В. Н. Семерджиди ; М-во образования и науки Рос. Федерации, Кубанский гос. ун-т. Краснодар : [Кубанский государственный университет], 2017. 118 с. : ил. Библиогр.: с. 117. ISBN 978-5-8209-1308-2 : 18 р. 26 к. (150 экз)
- 2. Иностранный язык (английский язык) : сборник заданий / авт.-сост. М.В. Межова, С.А. Золотарева ; Министерство культуры Российской Федерации, ФГБОУ ВПО «Кемеровский государственный университет культуры и искусств» и др. Кемерово : КемГУКИ, 2014. 211 с. : ил. ,схем., табл. ; То же [Электронный ресурс]. URL: http://biblioclub.ru/index.php?page=book&id=275355.

Для освоения дисциплины инвалидами и лицами с ограниченными возможностями здоровья имеются издания в электронном виде.

5.2 Дополнительная литература:

- 1. Губина Г. Г. Компьютерный английский = Computer English. Part II. English for Specialists: учебное пособие, Ч. II. Английский для специалистов. М.: <u>Директ-Медиа</u>, 2013. 422 с. http://biblioclub.ru/index.php?page=book_view_red&book_id=211413.
- 2. Турук И. Ф. Практикум по обучению грамматическим основам чтения специального текста : (Английский язык): учебное пособие. М.: Московский государственный университет экономики, статистики и информатики, 2006. 48 с. http://biblioclub.ru/index.php?page=book_view_red&book_id=90304.
- 3. Семерджиди В.Н. Баклагова Ю.В. Welcome to Digital Living: учебное пособие. Краснодар: КубГУ, 2011. 118 с.

6. Перечень ресурсов информационно-телекоммуникационной сети «Интернет», необходимых для освоения дисциплины (модуля).

- 1. www.englishclub.com
- 2.<u>www.oup.com/elt/englishfile/intermediate</u> (interactive exercises, games, and downloadable material)
- 3. www.testpodium.com
- 4.www.wordsift.org
- 5.www.breaking English news
- 6.www.ielts-moscow.ru

- 7.www.easel.ly
- 8.www.lquizlet.com
- 9.www.linguanet.ru
- 10.www.4teachers.de

7. Методические указания для обучающихся по освоению дисциплины (модуля).

Для организации эффективной работы над иностранным языком необходимо научиться следующему:

- планировать собственную учебную деятельность;
- выбирать наиболее оптимальные средства решения поставленных учебных задач;
- использовать различные виды работ со справочной и учебной литературой в процессе выполнения учебной задачи;
 - осуществлять самоконтроль в процессе учебной деятельности.

Работа над текстом

Просмотрите текст и постарайтесь понять, о чем идет речь.

При повторном чтении разделите сложносочиненные или сложноподчиненные предложения на самостоятельные и придаточные, выделите причастные обороты или другие конструкции.

Найдите подлежащее и сказуемое, и поняв их значение, переведите последовательно второстепенные члены предложения.

Если предложение длинное, определите слова и группы, которые можно временно опустить для выяснения основного содержания предложения. Не ищите в словаре сразу все незнакомые слова, попробуйте догадаться об их значении по контексту.

Внимательно присмотритесь к словам, имеющим знакомые вам корни, суффиксы, приставки. При этом обратите внимание на то, какой частью речи являются такие слова.

Слова, оставшиеся непонятными, ищите в словаре.

Работа со словарем.

Повторите английский алфавит. Это поможет находить слова не только по первой букве, но и по всем остальным.

Запомните обозначения частей речи:

n – noun - имя существительное

v – verb - глагол

adj. – adjective – имя прилагательное и т.д.

Из нескольких значений слова в словарной статье постарайтесь

подобрать близкое по смыслу, связав с общим смыслом предложения.

Помимо словарей общеупотребительной лексики пользуйтесь

терминологическими словарями по своей специальности.

Несмотря на помощь словаря, вам будут встречаться непонятные слова и выражения. Не теряйте зря времени, если очень долго не можете разобраться сами. Обратитесь за консультацией к преподавателю.

Работа над лексикой.

Запоминание лексики обычно бывает основной трудностью при изучении иностранного языка. Без знания слов не может быть знания языка. Нужно проделать большую и сознательную работу, прежде чем будет усвоен необходимый словарный минимум профессиональных терминов.

Встречая новое слово, всегда анализируйте его, обращая внимание на написание, произношение и значение. Часто можно найти сходство с аналогичным или сходным русским словом, например, passenger — пассажир и др. Важно также научиться подмечать родство новых слов с уже известными. Однако, есть слова, не поддающиеся никакому анализу. Их надо постараться запомнить, но механическое повторение не всегда эффективно. Попробуйте следующий порядок работы:

- произнесите новое слово сначала изолированно;
- произнесите словосочетание из текста с новым словом (уделите особое

внимание предлогам);

- подберите к новому слову синонимы или антонимы (если это возможно);
- выполните письменно лексические упражнения после текста.

Работа над грамматикой.

Формирование речевого грамматического навыка предполагает воспроизведение различных грамматических явлений в ситуациях, типичных для профессиональной коммуникации и адекватное грамматическое оформление высказываний. Работая над этим, вам следует:

- прочтите развернутый теоретический материал по изучаемой теме в учебнике по грамматике английского языка;
- изучите справочную таблицу в приложении к данному пособию;
- найдите в тексте урока изучаемую грамматическую структуру;
- обозначьте имеющиеся грамматические ориентиры;
- сделайте письменно упражнения;
- варьируйте содержание предложений в имеющихся моделях, заменяя слова в зависимости от меняющейся ситуации;
- сопоставьте / противопоставьте изучаемую структуру ранее изученным;

Переход от навыков к умениям обеспечивается посредством активации новых грамматических структур в составе диалогических и монологических высказываний по определенной теме. Включайте освоенный материал в беседы и высказывания по пройденным темам.

В освоении дисциплины инвалидами и лицами с ограниченными возможностями здоровья большое значение имеет индивидуальная учебная работа (консультации) – дополнительное разъяснение учебного материала.

Индивидуальные консультации по предмету являются важным фактором, способствующим индивидуализации обучения и установлению воспитательного контакта между преподавателем и обучающимся инвалидом или лицом с ограниченными возможностями здоровья.

8. Перечень информационных технологий, используемых при осуществлении образовательного процесса по дисциплине (модулю).

8.1 Перечень необходимого программного обеспечения

Проверка домашних заданий и консультирование посредством электронной почты. Использование электронных презентаций при проведении практических занятий.

8.2 Перечень необходимого программного обеспечения

Программы, демонстрации аудио и видео материалов (проигрыватель «Windows Media Player»).

Программы для демонстрации и создания презентаций («Microsoft Power Point»).

9. Материально-техническая база, необходимая для осуществления образовательного процесса по дисциплине (модулю).

$N_{\underline{0}}$	Вид работ	Материально-техническое обеспечение дисциплины
		(модуля) и оснащенность
1.	Лабораторные занятия	1. DVD к учебнику «Cutting Edge. Third Edition.
		Intermediate. Students' book».
		2. DVD к учебнику «Cutting Edge. Third Edition.
		Intermediate. Workbook».
		3. DVD к учебному пособию Digital Native.
		4. DVD страноведческого содержания.
		5. Видеомагнитофон, теле- и радио аппаратура,

		мультимедиа проектор, экран настенный, CD-
		проигрыватель, спутниковое (on-line) телевидение.
2.	Самостоятельная	Кабинет для самостоятельной работы, оснащенный
	работа	компьютерной техникой с возможностью подключения к сети «Интернет», программой экранного увеличения и обеспеченный доступом в электронную информационнообразовательную среду университета.

РЕЦЕНЗИЯ

на рабочую программу по дисциплине «Иностранный язык» для факультета компьютерных технологий и прикладной математики по направлению: 02.03.02 «Фундаментальная информатика и информационные технологии»

Квалификация выпускника — бакалавр.

Форма обучения — очная.

Рабочая программа по дисциплине «Иностранный язык», разработанная кандидатом филологических наук Семерджиди В.Н., предназначена для преподавания студентам очной формы обучения по направлению подготовки 02.03.02 «Фундаментальная информатика и информационные технологии».

Рабочая программа составлена с учетом Федерального государственного образовательного стандарта по соответствующему направлению подготовки высшего профессионального образования (ФГОС ВО), а также с учетом рекомендованной примерной образовательной программы.

Представленная программа, рассчитанная на 360 часов (из них 182 часа лабораторных, 142 часа — самостоятельная работа и 36 экзаменационных часов) в течение 5 семестров, охватывает основные аспекты процесса обучения иностранному языку студентов неязыковых вузов в рамках освоения достаточного уровня иноязычной коммуникативной компетенции.

Написание программы обусловлено обновляющимися требованиями к учебному процессу.

Рабочая программа предусматривает изучение грамматического и лексического материала, а также развитие навыков аудирования, чтения, перевода и устной речи. Тщательно разработан график самостоятельной работы студентов, а также представлена информация о промежуточном и итоговом контроле.

Весь учебный материал содержит как общую, так и профессиональную направленность.

Программа предусматривают использование не только стандартных видов образовательных технологий, но и интерактивных форм обучения: ролевая игра, демонстрация мультимедийной презентации, электронных ресурсов, что в значительной степени обогащает содержательную сторону учебного процесса.

Раздел World Culture дает интересный фактологический материал по актуальным темам развития современного мира и способствует организации дискуссий.

В целом данная рабочая программа направлена на формирование у выпускников способности к коммуникации в устной и письменной формах на

иностранном языке для решения задач межличностного и межкультурного взаимодействия.

Рабочая программа дисциплины «Иностранный язык», разработанная Семерджиди В.Н., может быть рекомендована для использования в учебном процессе в Кубанском государственном университете.

Зав. каф. общего и славянорусского языкознания КубГУ д.ф.н., профессор

Eh

Е.Н. Лучинская

РЕЦЕНЗИЯ

на рабочую программу по дисциплине «Иностранный язык» для факультета компьютерных технологий и прикладной математики по направлению: 02.03.02 «Фундаментальная информатика и информационные технологии»

Квалификация выпускника — бакалавр.

Форма обучения — очная.

Рабочая программа по дисциплине «Иностранный язык», разработанная кандидатом филологических наук Семерджиди В.Н., предназначена для преподавания студентам очной формы обучения по направлению подготовки 02.03.02 «Фундаментальная информатика и информационные технологии».

Рабочая программа составлена с учетом Федерального государственного образовательного стандарта по соответствующему направлению подготовки высшего профессионального образования (ФГОС ВО), а также с учетом рекомендованной примерной образовательной программы, что обусловлено обновляющимися требованиями к учебному процессу.

Представленная программа, рассчитанная на 396 часов (из них 196 часа лабораторных, 164 часа — самостоятельная работа и 36 экзаменационных часов) в течение 5 семестров, охватывает основные аспекты процесса обучения иностранному языку студентов неязыковых вузов в рамках освоения достаточного уровня иноязычной коммуникативной компетенции.

Рабочая программа четко структурирована. Она состоит из тематического блока, подкрепленного рекомендациями теоретического характера, перечня рекомендованных заданий на отработку навыков различных видов речевой деятельности, сведений о самостоятельной работе студентов, а также информации о промежуточном и итоговом контроле.

Рабочая программа предусматривает изучение основных разговорных тем, необходимых как для повседневного, так и профессионального общения, расширения кругозора студентов, повышения их общей культуры и образования, а также лексический минимум и грамматические основы английского языка для использования развития навыков чтения, перевода и разговорной речи.

Тематический план содержит планируемое количество учебных часов, необходимых для овладения представленным объемом материала и полностью соответствует содержанию рабочих программ.

Для закрепления теоретических знаний и приобретения необходимых умений и навыков в рабочей программе предусмотрено выполнение практических контрольных работ по закреплению знаний по каждому разделу, а также семестровые тесты.

Достаточно подробно освящено учебно-методическое обеспечение курса. Список литературы представляет как основные, так и рекомендованные источники.

Программа предусматривают использование не только стандартных видов образовательных технологий, но и интерактивных форм обучения: ролевая игра, дискуссия по моделируемым ситуациям, демонстрация мультимедийных презентаций, использование электронных ресурсов, что в значительной степени обогащает содержательную сторону учебного процесса.

Активное использование аудиозаписей и видеоклипов способствует совершенствованию навыков аудирования, произношения, разговорной речи, закреплению грамматического материала. Все это помогает эффективно осваивать изучаемый материал, обеспечивает стимул для самостоятельной работы.

В целом данная рабочая программа направлена на формирование у выпускников способности к коммуникации в устной и письменной формах на иностранном языке для решения задач межличностного и межкультурного взаимодействия.

Рабочая программа дисциплины «Иностранный язык», разработанная Семерджиди В.Н., может быть рекомендована для использования в учебном процессе в Кубанском государственном университете.

дпись подписи заверяю на извемк отдела кадров

Зав. каф. ин. яз. ФГБОУ ВО КГУФКСТ,

К..ф.н., профессор образова

Л.Г. Ярмолинец